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COMPARISON: CONVENTIONAL ZINC PHOSPHATE VERSUS LOW **TEMPERATURE ZINC PHOSPHATE**

Conventional zinc phosphate

pH-value of bath: 2,8 - 3,2el. conductivity: >5.000 µS/cm 45 - 55 °C temperature:

coating composition: crystalline zinc phosphate,

iron phosphate, nickel-, manganese phosphate

 $2 - 4 \text{ g/m}^2$

coating weight: sludge: 5 g/m² dry and more substrates: steel, zinc coated steel,

Low temperature zinc phosphate

pH-value: 2,8 - 3,2 $> 5.000 \,\mu\text{S/cm}$ el. conductivity: temperature: 35 °C

coating composition: crystalline zinc phosphate,

iron phosphate, nickel-, manganese phosphate

1,5 - 3,5 g/m² coating weight: around 3 g/m² dry sludge: steel, zinc coated steel, substrates:

aluminium

Kluthe ZINC PHOSPHATATION PROCESS **ACTIVATION** · Low temperature zinc phosphate is preferrably combined with AKTIVATOR 3 AKTIVATOR 3 is a liquid, zinc phoshate-based activator The excellent activation supports the phoshate process to generate small crystals, resulting in a low phosphate coating weight This produces considerable savings in phosphate replenisher consumption





LOW TEMPERATURE ZINC PHOSPHATE INSTEAD OF A COSTLY APPROVAL PROCESS FOR THIN FILM TECHNOLOGY

Approvals

- Change in technology may need new approvals
- Filing of approval procedure and test runs generate expenses
- Time loss until process change

Alternative low temperature zinc phosphate

- Similar process as before
- Cost savings due to lower energy consumption, less sludge disposal and less maintenance
- Performance equal to conventional zinc phosphate

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ADVANTAGES OF LOW TEMPERATURE ZINC PHOSPHATE

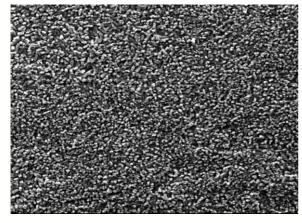
- Less energy consumption (∆10 − 15 K)
- Less water evaporation in PT spray lines
- Lower risk of pre-passivation
- Less replenisher consumption
- Considerably less maintenance work (line descaling, nozzle cleaning)
- Sludge separation / -disposal



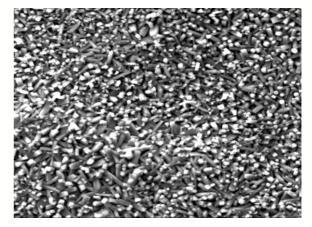
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COMPARISON LT-PHOSPHAT E AND CONVENTIONAL PHOSPHATE







Conventional zinc phosphate at 50°C bath temperature

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TEST RESULTS



Corrosion testing VDA – test

(VDA 621-412, 10 cycles) 1 – 2 mm Neutral salt spray test (DIN EN ISO 9927, 1008 h) < 1mm

Functional testing

Coating weight 1,5 – 3 g/m²



Test chamber neutral salt spray test

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COMPARISON OF BATH PARAMETERS

Parameter	Zn-Phos	LT-Zn Phos
Temperature	45 – 50	35
Free acid	1,5 – 2,1	1,5
Total acid	23 – 30	26
Accelerator (Nitrite)	1,5 – 2,0	2,5
Zinc (g/l)	1,2 – 1,8	1,5



Bath analysis

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SAVINGS

	Zn-Phos	LT-Zn Phos*
Energy	100%	70 – 75%
Sludge volume	100%	65 – 75%
Bath maintenance	100%	75 – 80%
Chemical	100%	85 - 90%



^{*} Values from trials in technical center and field applications

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PRODUCT PORTFOLIO

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Process step

Degreasing

Passivation

Rinse conditioning / activation

Phosphating bath

Product name Low Temperature zinc phosphate

Individual selection

AKTIVATOR 1 (for spraying application)
AKTIVATOR 3 (for immersion application)

DECORRDAL 307 LT A
DECORRDAL 201 LT
DECORRDAL 330 LT
DECORRDAL 560 LT A
DECORRDAL 570 LT
BESCHLEUNIGER 111 (sodium nitrite)
BESCHLEUNIGER 110 (sodium nitrite / non toxic labelling)

DECORRDAL 25-1 (non chrome passivation) DECORRDAL 25-3 (non chrome passivation)

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Reducing costs AND protecting the environment!

SUMMARY: LT-PHOSPHATATION AS INTERMEDIATE STEP TO THIN FILM TECHNOLOGY

- Zinc phosphatation is the well-known state-of the-art process for high end quality requirements
- LT-zinc phosphate offers process cost reduction, especially in combination with an innovative activator
- · Applied in spray and dip
- High quality well known
- · Coating formation visible
- · No additional chemicals needed for the phosphate bath
- Nickel-free system available

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